

6TH CLASS WS-5 SOLUTIONS

Integers

Teaching Task

1. Absolute value of $| -a | + | -2a |$

$$a + 2a = 3a$$

2. Conceptual

0 is greater than -ve integer.

3. $42 < 65$

4. $-32 < 32$

5. $2 + | -12 | = 2 + 12 = 14$

$$2 + | -3 | = 2 + 3 = 5$$

$$\therefore 2 + | -12 | > 2 + | -3 |$$

6. $| -7 | - | -6 | + | -8 | = 7 - 6 + 8 = 9$

7. Conceptual

8. Conceptual

9. Conceptual

10. If $n = 3$, $2n + 1 = 2(3) + 1 = 6 + 1 = 7$ 7 is prime

If $n = 4$, $2(4) + 1 = 9$ 9 is not a prime

If $n = 5$, $2(5) + 1 = 11$ 11 is a prime

If $n = 1$, $2(1) + 1 = 3$ 3 is a prime

Key – B

11. From option D)

If $n = 0$, $2n - 1 = 2(0) - 1 = -1$ (-ve number)

12. If x is an integer greater than 10

$(x - 10)$ is positive.

\therefore absolute value of $(x - 10)$ is $x - 10$

13. Descending order $6 > 3 > -3 > -6 > -36 > -61$

14. As in problem 12.

15. Ascending order (in question '0' is missed)

$-9 < -3 < -1 < 0 < 3 < 10$

Consider option C) correction as above

16. Conceptual

17. Conceptual

18. Conceptual

19. Conceptual

20. Conceptual

21. Conceptual

22. $| -5 | \cdot | +11 | = 5(11) = 55$

23. 1

24. - 1

25. 0

26. Conceptual

27. Conceptual

LEARNER'S TASK

1. Absolute value of '31' is +31

2. Absolute value of - 203 is 203.

3. $4 + 1 - 1 + | -1 | = 4 + 1 = 5$

4. $|a+b| = a+b$ if $a + b$ is +ve.

5. $|11| + |-11| = 11 + 11 = 22$

6. Conceptual

7. The smallest value of 'n' for $(2n + 1)$ which is not a prime number.
Repeated TT - Q NO 10

8. Conceptual

9. $|a| - |-a| = a - a = 0$

10. $|-x| + |-y| = x + y$

JEE MAINS LEVEL

1. Descending order $10 > 3 > 0 > -1 > -3 > -9$

2. $|-3| - |+3| + |0| = 3 - 3 = 0$

$$|+2| + |+4| + |-3| = 2 + 4 + 3 = 9$$

$$\therefore 0 < 9$$

3. Conceptual

4. $|a| = -b \quad a > 0$

Then $a = -b$

$$\therefore b = -a$$

5. If $|a+b+c| = -(a+b+c)$ then $a+b+c < 0$

6. $a = |-2| + |2| + |-1| = 2 + 2 + 1 = 5$

$$b = |-3| + |3| + |1| = 3 + 3 + 1 = 7$$

$$a + b = 12$$

7. $|a+b| = -(a+b) \rightarrow -ve$

$$|x+y| = (y+x) \rightarrow +ve \quad \because +ve > -ve$$

$$\therefore x+y > a+b$$

8. $|x+1| = (x+1)$ and $|y+1| = -(y+1)$

$$x+1 > y+1$$

$$\therefore x > y$$

9. $l+m > 0, \quad |l+m| = a+b$

$$l+m = a+b$$

$$l = a, m = b$$

Or $l = b, m = a$

\therefore Key - D

10. If $|x| = -y, |y| = -x$

$$-|x| = +y, -|y| = +x$$

$$x+y = -|y| + (-|x|) = -(|x| + |y|)$$

11. $|a+b| = +5, |b+c| = -10, |c+a| = -15$ then

$$|a+b| + |b+c| + |c+a| = 5 - 10 - 15 = -20 < 0$$

12. Conceptual, check from options

13. $|x-a| = x-a, |x-a| = a-x$

$$\therefore |x-a| + |x-a| = x-a + a-x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2|x-a| = 0$$

14. $|a| = |b - c| = b - c$

$$\therefore a = b - c$$

$$\therefore b - a = c$$

ADVANCED LEVEL QUESTIONS

Multiple correct answer type

1. Conceptual

2. Conceptual

3. Conceptual

4. $|-1| + |+1| + |-1| + \dots (111 \text{ times})$

$$1 + 1 + 1 + \dots (111 \text{ times}) = 111$$

$$= 3(37) = 37(3)$$

i.e., multiples of 3 and 37

5. Consider in statement I – if $a - b < 0$

In statement II – If $a - b > 0$

Then Key – B correct

6. Conceptual

Comprehension type – I , let $|x - y| = -(x - y)$

7. $|x^2 - y^2| = |(x + y)(x - y)| = |x + y||x - y|$

$$= (x + y)(-(x - y)) = -(x^2 - y^2) = y^2 - x^2$$

8. Let $a + b < 0$, $a - b > 0$

$$|a^2 - b^2| = |(a+b)(a-b)| = |a+b||a-b|$$

$$= -(a+b)(a-b) = -(a^2 - b^2) = b^2 - a^2$$

9. $|m^2 - n^2| = |(m+n)(m-n)| = |m+n||m-n|$

$$= (m+n)(m-n) = m^2 - n^2$$

Comprehension II

10. $|x - y| = -(x - y)$ if $x < y$
 $= y - x$ $x - y < 0$

11. $|l - m| = l - m$

12. $|p - q| = -(p - q) = q - p$ If $q > p$

$$q - p > 0 \\ \therefore p - q < 0$$

13. Greatest four digit number = 9999

14. Consider $\frac{|-100| + |-200| + |-300| + |-400|}{|-1| + |-2| + |-3| + |-4|}$

$$= \frac{100 + 200 + 300 + 400}{1 + 2 + 3 + 4} = \frac{1000}{10} = 100$$

15. $\left|1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}\right| = \left|\frac{6 + 3 + 2 + 1}{6}\right| = \left|\frac{12}{6}\right| = 2$

16. By applying the conditions in column – I match with column II

17. Similar. Apply conditions to get absolute values.