

8. MENSURATION (2D)

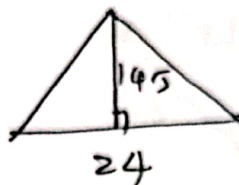
①

Class: VI FOUNDATION

Mathematic: SOLUTIONS

TEACHING TASK

01. $b = 24$
 $h = 14.5$



$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2}bh$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 14.5$$
$$= 174 \text{ cm}^2$$

Ans: B

02. $l = 10 \text{ m}$, $b = 5 \text{ m}$

$$P = 2(l+b)$$
$$= 2(10+5)$$
$$= 30 \text{ mt}$$

$$\text{Cost} = 30 \times 10 = \text{Rs } 300.$$

Ans: A

03. $\Delta = \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 9 = 27 \text{ cm}^2$

Ans: A

04. $C = 2\pi r$
 $= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 10.5$
 $= 66 \text{ cm}$

Ans: A

05. $2\pi r - r = 37$
 $2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times r - r = 37$
 $\Rightarrow r \left(2 \times \frac{22}{7} - 1 \right) = 37$
 $\Rightarrow r \left(\frac{44}{7} - 1 \right) = 37$

$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{37 \times 7}{37}$$

$$r = 7 \text{ cm}$$
$$\text{Area} = \pi (7)^2 = \frac{22}{7} \times 7^2$$
$$= 154$$

Ans: C

06 Area of square = $a^2 = (20)^2 = 400$ (2)

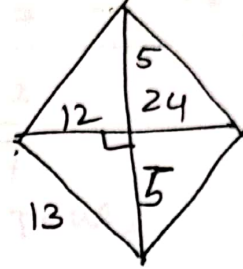
$400 = l \times b$
 $400 = 40 \times b$

$\Rightarrow b = 10$

Ans: B

07 Area = ~~$\frac{1}{2}$~~

$= \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 10$
 $= 120$



Ans: D

08 $P = 2(20 + 10)$
 $= 60 \text{ mt}$

Ans: B

09 $A = 560 \times 35$

Area of square = $a^2 = 560 \times 35$

$\Rightarrow a = \sqrt{560 \times 35}$
 $= 140$

perimeter = 4×140
 $= 560 \text{ mt}$

Ans: D

10 $l = 2 \text{ m}, b = 1 \text{ m}$

$P = 2(l + b)$

$= 2(2 + 1)$

$= 6 \text{ mt}$

Ans: D

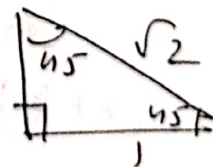
11. $a : b : c = 1 : 1 : \sqrt{2}$

$A : B : C = 45^\circ : 45^\circ : 90^\circ$

$= 1 : 1 : 2$ (cd)

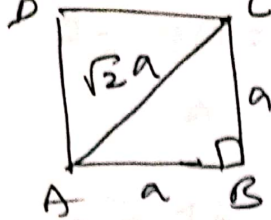
$= 2 : 2 : 4$ (B)

$= 8 : 8 : 16$



Ans: A, C, D

12



(3)

Ratio of side : diagonal = $a : \sqrt{2}a$
 $= 1 : \sqrt{2}$ (or)

$$= \sqrt{3} : \sqrt{6}$$

Ans. B/D

13. Statement I: $\frac{2\pi r}{2r} = \frac{22}{7}$

$$\Rightarrow \pi = \frac{22}{7} \text{ (True)}$$

Statement II: True (Conceptual) Ans: A

17

$$4a = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 25$$

$$\text{Area} = (25)^2 = 625$$

Ans. A

18

$$\text{No. of tiles} = \frac{144 \times 100}{12 \times 5}$$

$$= 240$$

Ans. B

21

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times 12 = 90$$

$$\text{New Area} = 180 = \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times h$$

$$\Rightarrow h = 18$$

Ans. 18

23

a) perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{side}$

b) perimeter of a rectangle = $2(l + b)$

c) Area of square = side \times side

d) Area of rectangle = $l \times b$

Ans: S, P, A, V



24

$$a) \quad p = 4a = 36$$

$$a = 9$$

(4)

$$b) \quad a^2 = 72$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \sqrt{72}$$

$$\text{diagonal} = \sqrt{2} a$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{72} = \sqrt{2} \times 6\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 12$$

$$c) \text{ perimeter } 2(l+b) = 32$$

$$\Rightarrow l+b = 16$$

$$(1, 15), (2, 14), (3, 13), (4, 12), (5, 11),$$

$$(6, 10), (7, 9), (8, 8)$$

$$\text{No. of rectangles} = 8$$

d)

LEARNERS TASK

CUB'S

01. perimeter = no. of sides \times length of one side
Ans: A

02. Conceptual

Ans: B

03. Conceptual

Ans: A

04. Conceptual

Ans: B

05. Sides ratio = $1:1:\sqrt{2}$



Ans: C

06. Conceptual

Ans: B

07. Conceptual

Ans: D

08 Conceptual Ans: D

09 Conceptual Ans: B

10. Conceptual Ans: C

JEE MAINS LEVEL

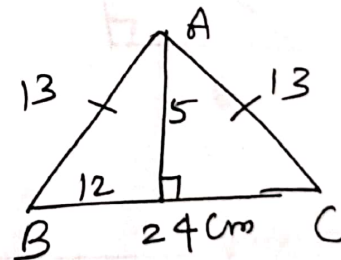
01. Pentagon $\rightarrow n=5$
perimeter = 5×5
 $= 5 \times 5$
 $= 25 \text{ cm}$

02 $\Delta = \frac{1}{2} \times 25 \times 10.8$
 $= 135$

03 $P = 52 + 56 + 60$
 $= 168 \text{ cm}$

04 $A = 15 \times 6$
 $= 90$

05 Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 5$
 $= 60$



06 $b \times h = 50$
 $\Rightarrow 10 \times h = 50$
 $\Rightarrow h = 5 \text{ cm}$

07 $A = b \times h$
 $144 = b \times 18$
 $\Rightarrow b = 8$

Ans: C

08 perimeter = $1 + 2 + 2 + 1 + 2 + 1 + 2 + 2 + 1 + 2 + 2 + 2$
 $= 20 \text{ cm}$

Ans: D

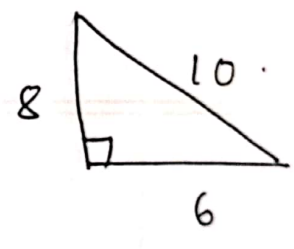
09. $A = \frac{1}{2} d_1 d_2$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times 25 \times 16.8$
 $= 210 \text{ cm}$

Ans: D

10 $P = 2(l + b)$
 $= 2(0.5 + 0.25)$
 $= 2(0.75)$
 $= 1.5$
 \therefore fencing needed = 4×1.5
 $= 6 \text{ km}$

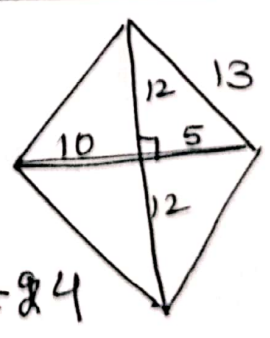
Ans: P

11. Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times b \times h$
 $= 24$ (oo)
 $= 2 \times \sqrt{144}$ (oo)
 $= \sqrt{576}$



Ans: A, B, C

12 $4a = 52$
 $\Rightarrow a = 13$, o
Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times 10$
 $=$ other diagonal = 24
 $(oo) 2 \times 12 \text{ cm}$



Ans: B, D

13. Statement I: $\Delta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times (4)^2 = 4\sqrt{3}$ (True)
Statement II: Conceptual (True)

Ans: D

17

$$a = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= \sqrt{2} a \\ &= \sqrt{2} \times 4 \\ &= 4\sqrt{2} \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

(7)

Ans: A

21

$$\sqrt{2} a = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{10}{\sqrt{2}} = 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= a^2 = (5\sqrt{2})^2 \\ &= 50 \end{aligned}$$

Ans: 50

23

a) Area of square = a^2

b) Area of quadrilateral = $\frac{1}{2} \times d(h_1 + h_2)$

c) Area of rhombus = ~~$b \times h$~~ $\frac{1}{2} \times d_1 \times d_2$

d) Area of parallelogram = $b \times h$

Ans: t, r, s, p

Teaching Tasks (Jee mains)

14. Statement I:

$$\text{Area of rectangle} = l \times b = 50 \times 30 = 1500 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Area of parallelogram} = b \times h = 50 \times 30 = 1500 \text{ m}^2$$

Statement II: Conceptual (True)

(True)
Ans: A

15. Assertion:

$$\text{Perimeter of square} = 4a = 4 \times 40 = 160 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Perimeter of rectangle} = 2(l+b)$$

$$= 2(50+30) = 160 \text{ m}^2$$

(False)

Reason: Conceptual (True)

Ans: C

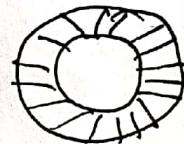
16. Assertion:

$$\text{Area of ring} = \pi(R^2 - r^2) = \pi(14^2 - 7^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(14^2 - 7^2)$$

$$= \pi \times 21 \times 7$$

$$= 147\pi \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (True)}$$



Reason: Conceptual (True)

Ans: A

19. $l = 50 \text{ m}, b = 40 \text{ m}$

$$\text{Area} = l \times b = 50 \times 40 = 2000 \text{ m}^2$$

Ans: A

20. $\text{Area of parallelogram} = \frac{1}{2} \times 2000 = 1000 \text{ m}^2$ Ans: B

22. $\text{Area of the lawn (not covered)} =$

$\text{Area of rectangle} - \text{Area of square}$

$$= 80 \times 60 - (40)^2$$

$$= 4800 - 1600$$

$$= 3200 \text{ cm}^2$$

Ans: 3200

Learners Task (200)

14 Statement I:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of ring} &= \pi(R^2 - r^2) \\ &= \pi(10^2 - 6^2) \\ &= \pi \times 16 \times 4 = 64\pi \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (True)}\end{aligned}$$

Statement II: Conceptual (True)

Ans. A

15 Assertion: Area of rectangle = $\frac{1}{2} \times b \times h$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 6 = 30 \text{ cm}^2$

Reason: Conceptual (False)

(False)

Ans: B

16 Assertion: Area of Circle = πr^2

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times 7 = 154 \text{ cm}^2$$

(True)

Reason: Conceptual (True)

Ans. A

18 Perimeter < Area

Ans. B

19 Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2} \times h \times (a+b)$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times (12+8)$

$$= 50 \text{ cm}^2$$

Ans. B

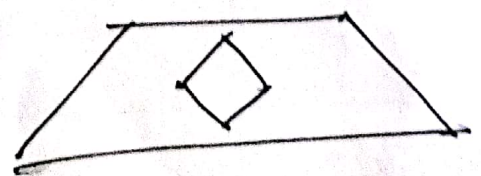
20 Area of remaining part = Area of trapezium -

Area of Rhombus

$$= 50 - \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 8$$

$$= 50 - 40$$

$$= 10 \text{ cm}^2$$



Ans: 10

22 Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2} \times h \times (a+b)$

= $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times (20+12)$

= 128 cm^2

Ans: 128

24 a) 36 inches (q)

b) 12 inches (p)

c) 5280 feet (r)

d) 0.54 cm (s)

Ans: q, p, r, s

THE END