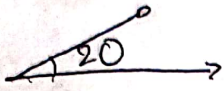


WS-11 for 7th class

Task

(1)



$$F = 400 \text{ N}$$

$$s = 1 \text{ km} = 10^3 \text{ m}$$

$$W = FS \cos \theta$$

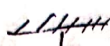
$$= 400 \times 10^3 \times \cos 20$$

$$= 4 \times 10^5 \times 0.9396$$

$$= 3.758 \times 10^5$$

$$= 3.76 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$$

(2)



$$M = 5 \text{ kg}$$

When weight is suspended displacement & Gr.F makes an angle 90° .

$$W = FS \cos \theta$$

$$= Mg S \cos 90$$

$$= 0$$

(3)

$$m = 10 \text{ kg}; a = 5 \text{ m/s}^2; s = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$W = FS \cos \theta$$

As the body moves horizontally $\theta = 0^\circ$.

$$W = ma S \cos 0^\circ$$

$$W = 10 \times a \times 20 \text{ (1)}$$

$$= 10 \times 5 \times 20$$

$$= 1000 \text{ J}$$

(4) $m = 50 \text{ kg}$.

$$s = 20 \text{ m}$$

The weight of man and displacement of the body are perpendicular

$$\theta = 90^\circ$$

$$W = mg S \cos \theta$$

$$= mg S \cos 90$$

$$W = 0$$

$$(9) W = -mg \frac{L}{2} \sin 30^\circ$$

$$= -3 \times 10 \times \frac{2}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= -15 \text{ J}$$

(5) Given

$$\vec{F} = 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{s} = 5\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$$

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{s}$$

$$= (3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}) \cdot (5\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k})$$

$$= 15 + 16 + 15$$

$$= 46 \text{ J}$$

(6)

$$\frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{1}{5^2}$$

$$W = \frac{mgL}{2n^2} = \frac{mgL}{2(5)^2}$$

$$= \frac{mgL}{50}$$

(6)

$$m = 1 \text{ g} = 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$$

$$h = 1 \text{ km} = 10^3 \text{ m}$$

$$W_g = mgh$$

$$= 10^{-3} \times 10^3 \times 10$$

$$= 10 \text{ J}$$

(7)

$$m = 0.1 \text{ kg}$$

$$s = 5 \text{ m}, F = 20 \text{ N}$$

$$\theta = 60^\circ$$

$$W = FS \cos \theta$$

$$= 20 \times 5 \times \cos 60^\circ$$

$$= 50 \text{ J}$$

(8)

$$W = mgL \left(1 - \frac{d_L}{d_b} \right)$$

$$= 5 \times 10 \times 2 \left(1 - \frac{3.5}{6} \right)$$

$$= 50 \times \frac{2.5}{3} = 71.4 \text{ J}$$



(19) Given $m = 300 \text{ kg}$

$u = 0$; $v = 90 \text{ kmph}$
 $t = 5 \text{ sec} = 25 \text{ m/sec}$
 $s = 1.5 \text{ km}$

(i) From $v = u + at$
 $\Rightarrow 25 = 0 + a \times 5$
 $\Rightarrow a = 5 \text{ m/s}^2$

(ii) $F = ma$
 $= 300 \times 5$
 $= 1500 \text{ N}$

(iii) $W = FS$
 $= 1500 \times 1.5 \times 10^3$
 $= 2250 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
 $= 225 \times 10^4 \text{ J}$

(20) $W = mgh(1 - \frac{d_L}{d_b})$
 $= 10 \times 10 \times 6 (1 - \frac{1 \times 10^3}{3 \times 10^3})$
 $= 100 \times \frac{2}{3}$
 $= 400 \text{ J}$
 If $g = 9.8$
 we get $W = 392 \text{ J}$

(21) $l = 1 \text{ m}$, $m = 1 \text{ kg}$,
 $\theta = 60^\circ$
 $W = mgl \cos \theta$
 $= 1 \times 10 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \cos 60$
 $= 5 \times \frac{1}{2}$
 $= 2.5 \text{ J}$

LTASK

(1) $F = 40 \text{ N}$
 $m = 80 \text{ kg}$; $S = 8 \text{ m}$
 $\theta = 60^\circ$
 $W = FS \cos \theta$
 $= 40 \times 8 \times \cos 60$
 $= 40 \times 8 \times \frac{1}{2}$
 $= 160 \text{ J}$

(2) $F = 20 \text{ N}$, $u = 0$
 $m = 1 \text{ kg}$; $t = 8 \text{ sec}$
 $a = \frac{F}{m} = 20 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $S = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 8^2$
 $= 640$

$W = FS$
 $= 20 \times 640$
 $= 12800 \text{ J}$

(3) $F = 4\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 3\hat{k} \text{ N}$
 $\vec{r}_1 = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 6\hat{k} \text{ m}$
 $\vec{r}_2 = 14\hat{i} + 13\hat{j} + 9\hat{k} \text{ m}$
 $S = \vec{r}_2 - \vec{r}_1$
 $= 11\hat{i} + 11\hat{j} - 15\hat{k}$
 $W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{S}$

$= (4\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}) \cdot (11\hat{i} + 11\hat{j} - 15\hat{k})$
 $= 44 + 11 - 45$
 $= 10 \text{ J}$

(4) $m = 500 \text{ kg}$; $d = 80 \text{ m}$
 $t = 10 \text{ sec}$
 $W = mgd$
 $= 500 \times 10 \times 80$
 $= 400 \text{ kJ}$

(5) $m = 4 \text{ kg}$
 $a = 1.8 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $S = 8 \text{ m}$
 $W = FS$
 $= maS$
 $= 4 \times 1.8 \times 8$
 $= 7.2 \times 8$
 $= 57.6$

(6) $l = 2 \text{ m}$
 $m = 3 \text{ kg}$; $\theta = 60^\circ$
 $F = 5 \text{ N}$
 $W = mgl \sin \theta$
 $= 3 \times 10 \times 2 \times \sin 60$
 $= 30 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $= 15\sqrt{3} \text{ J}$

(7) $m = 5 \text{ kg}$; $l = 3 \text{ m}$
 $W = mgl \frac{l}{4}$
 $= 5 \times 10 \times \frac{3}{4}$
 $= 12.5 \times 3$
 $= 37.5 \text{ J}$

(10) $n = \frac{1}{3}$; $m = 2 \text{ kg}$; $l = 1 \text{ m}$
 $W = \frac{mgl}{2n^2}$
 $= \frac{2 \times 10 \times 1}{2 \times 9}$
 $= \frac{10 \times 1}{9} = 4.4 \text{ J}$

(8) $m = 3 \text{ kg}$ $\theta = 30^\circ$
 $l = 9 \text{ m}$
 $W = mgl \sin \theta$
 $= 3 \times 10 \times 9 \times \sin 30$
 $= 3 \times 5 \times 9 = 135 \text{ J}$

(9) $m = \frac{m}{3}$; $L = \frac{L}{6}$
 $W = mgl \frac{L}{2} (1 - \cos \theta)$
 $= -\frac{m}{3} g \frac{L}{6} (1 - \cos \theta)$
 $= -\frac{mgl}{36} (1 - \cos \theta)$

Advanced level

(8) $m = 1 \text{ kg}$; $l = 1 \text{ m}$

$F = 8 \text{ N}$, $h = 2 \text{ m}$

$$W_H = F s$$

$$= 8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ J}$$

(9) $W_g = m g h$
 $= 1 \times 10 \times 2$
 $= 20 \text{ J}$

(10) Total work = $W_H + W_g$

$$= 8 + 20$$

$$= 28 \text{ J}$$

